Kalinga University Law Bachelor of Arts & Bachelor of Law

PO

S. No.	Program Outcome (PO) Description		
1	Explore and explain the substantial & procedural laws in which they are made/ drafted and how students think and understand the legislative setup.		
2	Interpret and Analyze the legal and social problems and work towards finding solutions to the problems by application of laws and regulations.		
3	Inculcate values of Rights and Duties, and transfer these values toreal-life through legal and judicial process for promoting community welfare.		
4	Apply ethical principles and commit to legal professional ethics, responsibilities and norms of the established legal practices		
RAPU	Recognize the need for and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broader context of legal change.		
6	Develop the ability of analyzing the law in relation to contemporary developments at national and international level.		
7	Demonstrate familiarity with the rules of professional ethics and exhibit its application in legal profession.		
8	Understand the interdisciplinary nature of law and relate it with other disciplines like humanities, social sciences and management		
9	Demonstrate the professional skills of pleading, argument, drafting and conveyancing, collaboration, counselling and negotiation required for legal practice.		
10	To develop an attitude of self-reflection while learning & Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of changing legal contexts.		

11	To make awareness about Constitutional legislative & societal transformation in society & to develop clinical abilities	
12	To develop leadership qualities amongst students.	

PSO

S. No.	Program Specific Outcome (PSO) Description		
1	To study law in the context of Humanities and Social Sciences to groom students to respond to governance, administration and		
4	Human behaviour.		
2	To lead and shape social and public enterprises such as State, Community organization and social enterprises.		
2	To learn law in a profound way in response to contemporary developments along with having hands on experience in legal		
3	knowledge and skills in a value framework in fast changing India, set in a de- globalizing world.		
4	Should be able to Gather and interpret relevant facts and conduct legal research.		
5	Should have the capability to understand the laws at national and global level and to solve the client's problem.		
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CO

S.No.	Course Code	Course Name	Course Outcome (CO's) - Description
			CO1: Students will have an elementary understanding of the debates around the nature of law
1	BALLB101	Legal Method	CO2: Students will be able to distinguish between the major kinds of law, legal systems and institutions.
			CO3: Students will know the structure of the legal institutions and the hierarchy of courts in India.
			CO1: Define, distinguish and apply the basic concepts and terminology of the law of contract.
2	BALLB102	Law of Contract I	CO2: Define and distinguish amongst the various processes involved in contract formation.
			CO3: Identify the relevant legal issues that arises on a given set of facts in the area of contract law.
			CO1: Scan complex legal texts. Summarize information and reconstruct arguments in a coherent presentation.
3	BALLB103	Legal English and Communication skills	CO2: Produce organized and coherent communications and essays with clear paragraphs and appropriate methods for introducing and concluding.
41			CO3: Produce well-supported communications and essays using different patterns of development taking into consideration purpose and audience.
			CO1: Each major will demonstrate, in either capstone course and/or in writing the Honors thesis the ability to formulate a clear argument, support the argument with appropriate and thorough evidence, and reach a convincing conclusion.
4	BALLB104	HISTORY I	CO2: Each major will demonstrate the ability to compare and contrast different processes, modes of thought, and modes of expression from different historical time periods and in different geographic areas
	13m		CO3: Each major will demonstrate in research topic choices and resulting papers the ability to recognize and articulate the diversity of human experience, including ethnicity, race, language, sex, gender, as well as political, economic, social, and cultural structures over time and space.
			CO1: Cultivation of successful interactions among people of diverse racial and ethnic backgrounds.
5	BALLB105	SOCIOLOGY I	CO2: Strong use of math and science skills in problem solving
	- 02 (III.		CO3: Researching and analyzing data; facility with both qualitative and quantitative data
RATE	UR INDIA		CO1: Understands the concept of Constitutionalism
6	BALLB106	BALLB106 SOCIO-POLITICAL SYSTEMS IN INDIA	i ,
			CO3: Gets conversant with Legislatures, Legislative Bills
			CO1: Identify the relevant legal issues that arise on a given set of facts in the area of contract law.
7	BALLB201	Law of Contract II	CO2: Select and apply a range of approaches to written communication, and apply the critical thinking required to bring about creative solutions to complex legal problems in the area of contract law.
			CO3: Formulate oral and written arguments in response to a given set of facts.
			CO1: To study the principles of Tortuous liability, The defenses available in an action for torts, the capacity of parties to sue and be sued and matters connection there with.
8	BALLB202	Law of Torts and Consumer Protection	CO2: To study and evaluate the specific torts against the individual and property. With rapid industrialization, inadequacy of the law to protect the individual is exposed.
			CO3: The students should reflect on the alternative forms, and also the remedies provided under the Consumer Protection Act, 1986.

			CO1: Students will distinguish between primary and secondary sources and identify and evaluate evidence.
9	BALLB203	HISTORY II	CO2: Students will demonstrate in discussion and written work their understanding of different peoples andcultures in past environments and of how those cultures changed over the course of the centuries.
			CO3: Students will demonstrate in written work and class discussions the ability to recognize and articulate the diversity of human experience, including ethnicity, race, language, gender, as well as political, economic, social, and cultural structures over time and space.
			CO1: Define theory and describe its role in building sociological knowledge.
10	BALLB204	SOCIOLOGY II	CO2: Compare and contrast basic theoretical orientations.
	B/ILLB204	000102001 11	CO3: Describe how sociology differs from and is similar to other social sciences, and give examples ofthese differences.
4			CO1: Understands the world, their country, their society, as well asthemselves and have awareness ofethical problems, social rights, values and responsibility to the self and to others.
11	BALLB205	POLITICAL SCIENCE I	CO2: Understand different disciplines from natural and social sciences to mathematics and art, and developinterdisciplinary approaches in thinking and practice.
			CO3: Think critically, follows innovations and developments in science and technology, demonstratepersonal and organizational entrepreneurship and engage in life-long learning in various subjects.
			CO1: Establish good professional working relationships with clients. Understand how clients view their
		TECHNIQUES OF COMMUNICATION,	
12	BALLB206	CLIENT INTERVIEWING AND	CO2: Appreciate the client's needs and objectives. Explore available options and consider the consequences
	A Shee 18	COUNSELLING	CO3: Develop strategies to help clients resolve their problems. Recognize and deal with ethical and moral issues
		INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY	CO1: Understands the concept of Computer's Input/output devices, the concept of dynamic memory, data types, loops, functions, array, pointers, string, structures and files.
13	BALLB207	FUNDAMENTALS	CO2: Design program logic on real-world problems. Analyze problems, errors
D A TT	ATTO TAXABLE		CO3: Applying programming concepts to compile and debug c programs to find solutions.
KAII	UR INDIA		CO1: Students studying family law learn about basic concepts like marriage, divorce, parentalcustody, domestic abuse and children's rights.
14	BALLB301	FAMILY LAW I	CO2: Family law examines historical and social contexts that have influenced the moderndefinition and regulation of families.
			CO3: Students will gain skills of thinking, analysis, written and verbal presentation of ideas of argument.
			CO1: Understand and describe areas of criminal justice, law and society through a critical analysis of the subject.
15	BALLB302	CONSTITUTIONAL LAW I	CO2: Analyze lacunas within the criminal justice system and suggest the amendments have to make toprovide the justice according to the changing needs of the society.
			CO3: summarize the process of judicial review and identify criteria used by courts to evaluate the constitutionality of criminal law of India.
			CO1: Analyze lacunas within the criminal justice system and suggest the amendments have to make toprovide the justice according to the changing needs of the society.

16	BALLB303	LAW OF CRIMES I	CO2: Summarize the process of judicial review and identify criteria used by courts to evaluate the constitutionality of criminal law of India.
			CO3: Identify and synthesize social theory about crime, justice, and social deviance and explain and addressvarious obstacles and barriers experienced by individuals before, during, and after internment
			CO1: Demonstrate an advanced and integrated understanding of the political, social, historical, philosophical, and economic context of law.
17	BALLB304	ECONOMICS I	CO2: Engage in identification, articulation and critical evaluation of legal theory and the implications for policy.
			CO3: Critically analyze and research complex problems relating to law and legal theory and makereasoned and appropriate choices amongst alternatives.
			CO1: Define important field-specific theories and concepts, and understand their role in developing political science knowledge.
18	BALLB305	POLITICAL SCIENCEII	CO2: Summarize conceptual argument or theoretical approaches, apply them to field-relevant situations, and support their application with appropriate evidence.
			CO3: Compare and evaluate the merits of multiple policies, theories, or concepts from different disciplinary perspectives.
			CO1: Apply specialist knowledge and an advanced understanding of court advocacy from practice in realistic simulations of contested proceedings
19	BALLB306	ADVOCACY SKILLS	CO2: Demonstrate specialised professional skills and competency in court advocacy by applying their knowledge
			CO3: Demonstrate their autonomy, judgment and responsibility with regard to advocacy situations.
	i Jan		CO1: Students studying family law learn about concepts like Succession,Inheritance
20	BALLB401	FAMILY LAW II	CO2: Family law examines and compares personal laws
			CO3: Students will gain skills of thinking, analysis, written and verbal presentation of ideas of argument.
	KAUL		CO1: Concept of 'State' in reference to the fundamental rights.
21	BALLB402	CONSTITUTIONAL LAW II	CO2: The fundamental rights and the procedure for compliance of fundamental rights and Writ jurisdiction of supreme court and high court under Article 32 and 226.
KAIP	'UR INDIA		CO3: The duty of state and inter- relationship between fundamental rights and directive principles.
			CO1: To illustrate how society views crime against women, human body and property.
22	BALLB403	LAW OF CRIMES II	CO2: Demonstrate an in-depth understanding of the aspects of criminal justice, or law and its relationship to larger social issues
			CO3: Identify, explain and apply the principles of criminal law covered in the course
22	DALL DAGA	ADMINISTRATIVE LAVA	CO1: Students will learn about the Nature Development of law relating to administration and effectivemeans of administrative control. The Focus is on their role in protecting the rights of individuals against abuse of administration and adjudicatory powers of the administration and liability of administrative authorities.
23	BALLB404	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW	CO2: Analyze and predict how unresolved or ambiguous administrative law questions could be resolved bythe courts through an analysis of case law and the judicial method.
			CO3: Identify, explain and apply the principles of administrative law covered in the course.

24		ECONOMICSII	CO1: Students will be able to identify and explain economic concepts and theories related to the behaviour of economic agents, markets, industry and firm structures, legal institutions, social norms, and government policies.
	BALLB405		CO2: Students will be able to integrate theoretical knowledge with quantitative and qualitative evidence inorder to explain past economic events and to formulate predictions on future ones.
			CO3: Students will be able to evaluate the consequences of economic activities and institutions forindividual and social welfare.
			CO1: Analyze advanced and integrated understanding of the complex body of knowledge in the field of environmental law
25	BALLB501	ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES AND ENVIROMENTAL LAWS	CO2: Develop the capacity to identify new law and apply existing law in the rapidly evolving legalcontext for environmental law.
			CO3: Understand in depth knowledge of the specialist area of environmental law and associated disciplinary areas
	DALLES	LAW OF EVENE	CO1: Analyse and define the concept and general nature of evidence, and illustrate the different typesof evidence and court procedures relating to evidence.
26	BALLB502	LAW OF EVIDENCE	CO2: Analyse the rule relating to relevance of evidence and admissibility of evidence before the court.
			CO3: Evaluate the rules relating to dying declaration and admissibility of dying declaration
	000		CO1: Explain the concepts I business laws with respect to foreign trade
- 3			CO2: Apply the global business laws to current business environment
27	BALLB503	CORPORATE LAW	CO3: Analyse the principle of international business and strategies adopted by firms to expandglobally
21	BALLBOOS	CONTONAL EAV	CO4: To cover various facets of Company Law such as Meeting of the Board and its Powers, Special Frauds
			Investigation Office, Compromise, Arrangement and Amalgamations of Companies, Prevention of Oppression of minority shareholders and Mismanagement of the company.
			CO1: To Know the detail procedure for redressal of civil rights.
28	BALLB504	CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE	CO2: where the suit is to be filed? The essential forms and procedure for institution of suit, the documents in support and against, evidence taking and trial, dimensions of an interim order, the peculiar nature of the suits, the complexities of executing a decree and provisions for appeal and revision are all matters which a lawyer for any side is to be familiar with.
			CO3: Students will be able to recognize and address issues that arise in Civil Procedure that implicate relevant ethical, moral, and religious principles.
29		SALLB505 ALTERNATE DISPUTE RESOLUTION	CO1: Students to adopt a comparative approach, drawing on the experiences of many societies andjurisdictions – in a large number of which, entrenched approaches to dispute handing are now under radical re-examination.
	BALLB505 ALTERNAT		CO2: Balancing theoretical and practical concerns, the principal areas of discourse and practice that thestudent will come to understand are the processes of negotiation and mediation.
			CO3: The student will understand these processes in their own right and also in the context of theemergence of new types of dispute resolution professional, who offer mediation and other services as alternatives to the lawyer's often preferred practice of late settlement through litigation.
			CO1: Demonstrate an advanced and integrated understanding of the political, social, historical, philosophical, and economic context of law.

30	BALLB601	JURISPRUDENCE	CO2: Engage in identification, articulation and critical evaluation of legal theory and the implications for policy.
			CO3: Critically analyze and research complex problems relating to law and legal theory and make reasoned and appropriate choices amongst alternatives.
		INTERNATIONAL LAW	CO1: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the international rights frame work, its origins and justifying theories;
31	BALLB602	INTERNATIONAL LAW	CO2: Demonstrate capacity to assess how specific human rights may be asserted, enforced or violated;
			CO3: Critically evaluate the relationship between international and domestic law
			CO1: Skill to understand the concept of intellectual property rights.
32	BALLB603	PROPERTY LAW	CO2: Develops procedural knowledge to Legal System and solving the problem relating to intellectual property rights.
			CO3: Skill to pursue the professional programs in Company Secretaryship, Law, Business(MBA), International Affairs, Public Administration and Other fields.
4		INVESTMENT AND COMPETITION	CO1: Practice case analyses and evaluation of corporate conduct.
33	BALLB604	INVESTMENT AND COMPETITION LAW	CO2: Explain the economic, legal, and ethical implications of fraudulent behavior in financial markets.
		LAVV	CO3: Describe concepts such as fiduciary duty.
	A 15		CO1: The system of criminal prosecution in India: who prosecutes; Process to Compel Appearance ofPerson, Process to Compel Production of Things, Right to speedy trial etc.
2.4	DALLDOOF	CODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE	CO2: The legal rules relating to arrest and bail under the Criminal Procedure Act, The rights of
34	BALLB605 CODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURI	CODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE	arrestedpersons and to apply such rules in a factual scenario.
			CO3: Describe principles applicable to the right to legal representation in Indian criminal trials and toapply such principles in a factual scenario
			CO1: Development and the judicial setup of Labour Laws.
35	BALLB701	LABOUR LAW I	CO2: The salient features of industrial disputes and trade unions power and function also to integrate theknowledge of Labour Law in General HRD Practice.
D A TD	TID INIDIA		CO3: The laws relating to Industrial Relations, Working conditions and also learns the enquiry proceduraland industrial discipline.
KAII	UK INDIA		CO1: Exhibit sophisticated knowledge related to tax accounting rules and regulations.
36	BALLB702	TAX LAW	CO2: Identify, define, and resolve tax issues through their understanding, knowledge and application.
			CO3: Explain different types of incomes and their taxability and expenses and their Deductibility.
	BALLB703	LAW AND EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES	CO1: Explain, distinguish and apply the fundamental legal principles of information technology lawcovered in the course.
37			CO2: Select and apply a range of approaches to written and oral communication, and apply the criticalthinking required to bring about solutions to complex legal problems in the area of information technology law.
			CO3: Demonstrate an understanding of the many ways in which rapidly changing technology can affect, and be affected by, the law, in a way that can assist clients with their planning or legislators with their proposals.
38	BALLB704	LILIMAN BLOUTS	CO1: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the international human rights framework, itsorigins and justifying theories;
		BALLB704 HUMAN RIGHTS	CO2: Demonstrate capacity to assess how specific human rights may be asserted, enforced or violated;
			CO3: Critically evaluate the relationship between international and domestic law on human rights;

	BALL 57074	DANKING AND INCOMPANIES	CO1: Students will learn the experiential knowledge of the practice relating to Insurance and banking. CO2: Professionals can find lucrative opportunities in the area of retail, investment, merchant, treasury
39	BALLB705A	BANKING AND INSURANCE LAW	andbanking, all branches of insurance such as life, property, automobile, and medical insurance
			CO3: The rapid growing field of financial and investment services is also attracting many reputed firms and and independent legal consultants.
			CO1: Understand the concepts and principles underlying relevant legislation and case law in the area oftelecommunications law
40	BALLB705B	TELECOMMUNICATION LAWS	CO2: be able to evaluate their strengths and weaknesses
			CO3: be able to identify and analyse a legal issue in telecommunications law
			CO1: Apply a systematic approach to eliminate on the ideas in the institutions which marginalize, subordinate and accord secondary citizenship women and underestimate or make the women's contribution invisible.
41	BALLB705C	WOMEN AND LAW	CO2: Organizes awareness, skill training and capacity building programmes to different classes of women and men.
			CO3: Provides consultancy to Identify and discuss issues related to women and child developmentand inculcates entrepreneurial spirit among the girls, rural and urban grass root women and promote micro entrepreneurs.
			CO1: Analyse and define the concept of crime and antisocial behaviour in the society and the difference between crime and morality as the concept of crime changes from society to society.
42	BALLB705D	CRIMINOLOGY	CO2: Analyse the various views given by philosophers on criminology.
- C.			CO3: Evaluate the reasons behind the crime and significance of Penology in the present society and theories
	i Z		of the punishments and its application in the criminal justice system.
			CO1: The concept of intellectual property rights & copy right Laws .
43	BALLB801	INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS	CO2: Legal System and solving the problem relating to intellectual property rights.
	Kaup Series		CO3: Skill to pursue the Business International Affairs, Public Administration and Other fields.
		CA THINKS	CO1: Resolve the labour welfare problems and Students will learn the laws relating to Industrial Relations,
44	BALLB802	LABOUR LAW II	CO2: Social Security, private sector wages problems and
CALL	UKIMDIA		CO3: Working conditions and also learn the enquiry procedural and industrial discipline.
45	BALLB803	INTEPRETATION OF STATUTES	CO1: Know what are the techniques adopted by courts in construing statutes? And the importance of thelaw making process in the present context
45	DALLBOUS		CO2: What are the matters to be reckoned with by legislature while enacting laws?
			CO3: Understand and analyze the judicial interpretation, construction of words, phrases and expressions
			CO1: It focuses on analysing the gains from trade, the changing patterns of trade, the income distributional consequences of liberalising foreign trade, the relationship between trade, investment, and economic growth, and the reasons for and consequences of trade policies.
46	BALLB804	INTERNATIONAL TRADE LAW	CO2: The course relies predominantly on a standard collection international trade models to understand themotivations behind modern trade policies.
			CO3: During the weekly seminar, students then analyse the efficacy of trade policy, considering bothintended and unintended consequences of policy choices with particular attention paid to the changing geopolitical environment in which these policies exist.

47	DALLBOOKA	INTERNATIONAL COMMERCIAL LAW	CO1: Explain the concepts in business laws with respect to foreign trade
47	BALLB805A	INTERNATIONAL COMMERCIAL LAW	CO2: Apply the global business laws to current business environment
			CO3: Analyse the principle of international business and strategies adopted by firms to expand globally CO1: Understand and identify the importance of election in democratic country.
48	BALLB805B	ELECTION LAW	CO2: Analyze lacuna within among the election law and available remedies.
40	DALLBOUSE	ELECTION LAW	CO3: To suggest reformation in present election law and procedure.
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			CO1: Demonstrate a sound appreciation of the historical basis for the development of the law in the field. CO2: Demonstrate an advanced understanding of international law as it applies in the area of
			internationalhumanitarian law with a specialised knowledge of the relevant international conventions and
		INTERNATIONAL HUMANITARIAN	treaties, especially the four Geneva Conventions and two Additional Protocols to the Geneva
49	BALLB805C	LAW	Conventions.
			CO3: Demonstrate an advanced and integrated understanding of the application of internationalhumanitarian
		A	law to the actions of military forces and the impact of the law upon the protection of civilian populations in
.44			specific contexts.
		INDIRECT TAXES	CO1: Explain different types of incomes and their taxability and expenses and their deductibility.
50	BALLB805D	INDINCEOT PARCE	CO2: Learn various indirect taxes and their implication in practical situations.
			CO3: State the use of various deductions to reduce the taxable income.
			CO1: To understand and apply the professional ethics and ethical standard of the legal profession.
51	BALLB901	LEGAL ETHICS AND COURT CRAFTS	CO2: To know and evaluate the key themes in professional ethics, in order to give them an insight into moral decision making in the legal profession.
31	BALLBOOT	LEGAL ETTIICS AND COURT CITAL 13	CO3: To know , Should lawyers aim to win at all costs, and how should they balance duties to their client, to
			the Courts, to justice in the abstract, and to themselves.
			CO1: Students will understand drafting both .
52	BALLB902	DRAFTING, PLEADING AND	CO2: Court purposes as well as for other legal forums
"-	ALINGA UNIVERSITY	CONVEYANCING	CO3: Students will be able to perform better in the subject.
DATE	TID INTDIA		CO1: Identify and describe the revenue board courts and its function for a appeal revision and review.
KAII	'UR INDIA		CO2: Demonstrate an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework for tribunals and the regulatory
53	BALLB903	LAND AND REAL ESTATE LAWS	rules
			CO3: Demonstrate an understanding of the necessary professional skills of urbanization including analytical
			skills.
			CO1: Analyze complex problems, concepts and theories in international refugee law and devise solutions
			appropriate to the specific context
	544.50044	NITEDIATIONAL DEFLICES LAW	CO2: Undertake critical legal research, legal writing and resolution of complex legal problems with an
54	BALLB904A	INTERNATIONAL REFUGEE LAW	international or transnational dimension across a range of issues and topics in international refugee law
			CO3: Research and write on the practice or theory of international refugee law including indepth legal and policy research in the international refugee law field, as well as the implementation of refugee law
			domestically
			CO1: Demonstrate familiarity with the various definitions of socio economic offenses.
			2011 Demonstrate farminantly with the various deminating of social conformation of social conformation.

55	BALLB904B	SOCIO ECONOMIC OFFENCES	CO2: Develop an understanding of other tenets that may be used to include of socio economic offences such as social and to develop a reasonable amount of knowledge about the various types of.
			CO3: Explain the rationales or explanation for the committing of. Socio economic offences CO1: Identify and critically analyse key social justice issues arising from legal rules and understand their wide-ranging relevance to modern society
56	BALLB904C	INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC LAW	CO2: Formulate questions and engage in problem-solving exercises
			CO3: Make informed, independent and reasoned judgements.
			CO1: Describe and evaluate the international law applicable to selected international organizations and non-governmental organizations.
57	BALLB904D	LAW OF INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS	CO2: Describe and evaluate the interaction between various institutions and their role within the broader international legal system including its institutional framework.
			CO3: Critically assess, reflect on and evaluate areas of evolving or contentious international law pertaining to international institutions.
.41	AD.		CO1: Name the sources of private international law.
58	BALLB905A	DDIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW	CO2: Single out the basic theories and theorists of private international law
50	BALLB903A	PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW	CO3: Define the institutes of the general part of private international law (e.g. classification, incidental question, public policy.etc)
			CO1: Explain key legal principles relevant to the fields of health law studied in this course, including principles
59	BALLB905B	HEALTH CARE LAW	of negligence, consent, privacy and confidentiality, and regulation.
59			CO2: Understand the Constitutional Provisions related to health.
			CO3: Compare and contrast different legal and policy approaches to addressing health law problems.
			CO1: Acquainting the students with the comparative method in the study of Comparative Law
60	BALLB905C	COMPARATIVE LAWS	CO2: Exploring the possibilities of employing that method for the better understanding and reform of our legal system.
	WAS UNIVERSE		CO3: The conception of legal rule in the two legal systems will be specially addressed and examined.
RAIF	UR INDIA		CO1: Organizes awareness, skill training and capacity building programmes to different classes of women and men.
61	BALLB905D	LEGAL DIMENSIONS OF GENDER	CO2: Provides consultancy to Identify and discuss issues related to LGBT Community, Prostitution and Trafficking.
			CO3: The course will Study and analyze, what are the legal provisions enacted to ameliorate these situations with special emphasis on Honour Killings Law, Witch-Hunting Laws and what is the scope and shortcomings in the existing legal regime in this regard.
			CO1: Recognise the importance of planning and preparation required to undertake a research project.
62	BALLB1001	DISSERTATION	CO2: Develop a thorough understanding of the chosen subject area
			CO3: Demonstrate the ability to collate and critically assess/interpret data.
			CO1: Developed a knowledge and understanding of the basic principles and policies that influence the area of Australian law that is the subject matter of their moot.
63	BALLB11002	INTERNSHIP(LAWYERS/ LAW FIRMS	CO2: Developed advanced problem solving skills in order to analyse complex fact scenarios in order to identify the relevant legal issues.

CO3: Developed the ability to locate, analyse, evaluate, and synthesise materials so as to be able to undertake advanced legal research.

